WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 3408

By Delegates Ellington, Hornby, Clark and Crouse

[Introduced February 13, 2023; Referred to the

Committee on Education]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §18-8-1 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend 2 said code by adding thereto two new sections, designated §18-8-1b and §18-8-1c; to 3 amend and reenact §18-9A-25 of said code; to amend and reenact §18-31-2, §18-31-3, 4 §18-31-4, §18-31-5, §18-31-6, §18-31-7, §18-31-8, §18-31-9, §18-31-10, and §18-31-11 5 of said code; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new section, designated 6 §18-31-2a, all relating generally to nonpublic kindergarten, elementary, and secondary 7 school education; reorganizing provisions related to exemptions from compulsory public 8 school attendance: removing participation in the Hope Scholarship Program as a 9 standalone exemption to compulsory school attendance; relocating requirements for 10 students receiving home instruction to a new section of the code; clarifying terms relating 11 to home school students; relocating requirements for students attending a learning pod or 12 microschool to a new section of the code; providing that learning pod and microschool 13 students have the same educational rights and privileges as home school students; 14 establishing the method of calculating the annual Hope Scholarship Program 15 appropriation; providing that students exempt from compulsory school attendance and 16 participating in nonpublic educational programs may participate in the Hope Scholarship 17 Program if other eligibility requirements are met; defining terms; establishing eligibility 18 requirements for the Hope Scholarship Program; setting forth procedure for notice of Hope 19 Scholarship Program participation to county superintendents; requiring county 20 superintendents to enter certain information into the state's educational information 21 system; permitting the State Treasurer to appear by designee at Hope Scholarship Board 22 meetings; providing the State Treasurer's Office with rulemaking authority; clarifying that 23 all records containing personally identifying information of a Hope Scholarship student, 24 applicant, or parent are confidential and not subject to disclosure pursuant to the West 25 Virginia Freedom of Information Act; establishing gualifying expenses under the Hope 26 Scholarship Act; establishing frequency of standardized testing and portfolio submission

27 requirements for certain Hope Scholarship students; requiring Hope Scholarship students 28 to meet all standardized testing and portfolio requirements for his or her exemption from 29 compulsory school attendance as a condition of scholarship renewal; requiring the board 30 to maintain and publish a list of all education service providers; authorizing the board to 31 contract with independent auditors to complete Hope Scholarship Program audits; 32 clarifying the board's rulemaking authority with regard to certain functions, requiring 33 education service providers to submit required criminal background screening results to the board; and clarifying that education service providers may not asses students 34 35 additional tuition or fees based on participation in the Hope Scholarship Program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 8. COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

§18-8-1. Compulsory school attendance; exemptions.

(a) Exemption from the requirements of compulsory public school attendance established
in §18-8-1a of this code shall be made on behalf of any child for the causes or conditions set forth
in this section. Each cause or condition set forth in this section is subject to confirmation by the
attendance authority of the county. A child who is exempt from compulsory school attendance
under this section is not subject to prosecution under §18-8-2 of this code, nor is such a child a
status offender as defined by §49-1-202 of this code.

7 (b) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-8 8-1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to instruction in a private, 9 parochial, or other approved school, are met. The instruction shall be in a school approved by the 10 county board and for a time equal to the instructional term set forth in §18-5-45 of this code. In all 11 private, parochial, or other schools approved pursuant to this subsection, it is the duty of the 12 principal or other person in control, upon the request of the county superintendent, to furnish to the 13 county board such information and records as may be required with respect to attendance, 14 instruction, and progress of students enrolled.

- (c) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in
 §18-8-1a of this code if the requirements of either subdivision (1); or subdivision (2) of this
 subsection, both relating to home instruction, are met the child:
- (1) Receives instruction in the home of the child or children or at some other place
 approved by the county board, for a time equal to the instructional term set forth in §18-5-45 of this
 code, and meets the requirements of §18-8-1b of this code; or
- (2) Participates in a learning pod or microschool, pursuant to this subsection and meets the
 requirements of §18-8-1c of this code.

23 (1) The instruction shall be in the home of the child or children or at some other place 24 approved by the county board and for a time equal to the instructional term set forth in §18-5-45 of 25 this code. If the request for home instruction is denied by the county board, good and reasonable 26 justification for the denial shall be furnished in writing to the applicant by the county board. The 27 instruction shall be conducted by a person or persons who, in the judgment of the county 28 superintendent and county board, are qualified to give instruction in subjects required to be taught 29 in public elementary schools in the state. The person or persons providing the instruction, upon 30 request of the county superintendent, shall furnish to the county board information and records as 31 may be required periodically with respect to attendance, instruction, and progress of students 32 receiving the instruction. The state board shall develop guidelines for the home schooling of 33 special education students including alternative assessment measures to assure that satisfactory 34 academic progress is achieved.

35 (2) The child meets the requirements set forth in this subdivision: *Provided*, That the county 36 superintendent may, after a showing of probable cause, seek from the circuit court of the county an 37 order denying home instruction of the child. The order may be granted upon a showing of clear and 38 convincing evidence that the child will suffer neglect in his or her education or that there are other 39 compelling reasons to deny home instruction.

40 (A) Upon commencing home instruction under this section the parent of a child receiving 41 home instruction shall present to the county superintendent or county board a notice of intent to 42 provide home instruction that includes the name, address, and age of any child of compulsory 43 school age to be instructed and assurance that the child shall receive instruction in reading, 44 language, mathematics, science, and social studies, and that the child shall be assessed annually 45 in accordance with this subdivision. The person providing home instruction shall notify the county 46 superintendent upon termination of home instruction for a child who is of compulsory attendance 47 age. Upon establishing residence in a new county, the person providing home instruction shall 48 notify the previous county superintendent and submit a new notice of intent to the superintendent 49 of the new county of residence: Provided, That if a child is enrolled in a public school, notice of 50 intent to provide home instruction shall be given on or before the date home instruction is to begin. 51 (B) The person or persons providing home instruction shall submit satisfactory evidence of 52 a high school diploma or equivalent, or a post-secondary degree or certificate from a regionally 53 accredited institution, or from an institution of higher education that has been authorized to confer 54 a post-secondary degree or certificate in West Virginia by the West Virginia Council for Community 55 and Technical College Education or by the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission.

56 (C) Annually, the person or persons providing home instruction shall obtain an academic
 57 assessment of the child for the previous school year in one of the following ways:

58 (i) The child receiving home instruction takes a nationally normed standardized 59 achievement test published or normed not more than 10 years from the date of administration and 60 administered under the conditions as set forth by the published instructions of the selected test 61 and by a person qualified in accordance with the test's published guidelines in the subjects of 62 reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies. The child is considered to have 63 made acceptable progress when the mean of the child's test results in the required subject areas 64 for any single year is within or above the fourth stanine or, if below the fourth stanine, shows 65 improvement from the previous year's results;

66 (ii) The child participates in the testing program currently in use in the state's public
67 schools. The test shall be administered to the child at a public school in the county of residence.
68 Determination of acceptable progress shall be based on current guidelines of the state testing
69 program;

(iii) A portfolio of samples of the child's work is reviewed by a certified teacher who determines whether the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's abilities. The teacher shall provide a written narrative about the child's progress in the areas of reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies and shall note any areas which, in the professional opinion of the reviewer, show need for improvement or remediation. If the narrative indicates that the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's abilities, the child is considered to have made acceptable progress; or

(iv) The child completes an alternative academic assessment of proficiency that is mutually
 agreed upon by the parent or legal guardian and the county superintendent.

79 (D) A parent or legal guardian shall maintain copies of each student's Academic 80 Assessment for three years. When the annual assessment fails to show acceptable progress, the 81 person or persons providing home instruction shall initiate a remedial program to foster acceptable 82 progress. The county board upon request shall notify the parents or legal guardian of the child, in 83 writing, of the services available to assist in the assessment of the child's eligibility for special 84 education services. Identification of a disability does not preclude the continuation of home 85 schooling. In the event that the child does not achieve acceptable progress for a second 86 consecutive year, the person or persons providing instruction shall submit to the county 87 superintendent additional evidence that appropriate instruction is being provided.

(E) The parent or legal guardian shall submit to the county superintendent the results of the
 academic assessment of the child at grade levels three, five, eight, and 11, as applicable, by June
 30 of the year in which the assessment was administered.

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(3) This subdivision applies to both home instruction exemptions set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. The county superintendent or a designee shall offer such 92 93 assistance, including textbooks, other teaching materials and available resources, all subject to 94 availability, as may assist the person or persons providing home instruction. Any child receiving 95 home instruction may upon approval of the county board exercise the option to attend any class 96 offered by the county board as the person or persons providing home instruction may consider 97 appropriate subject to normal registration and attendance requirements

98 (d) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-99 8-1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to physical or mental incapacity, 100 are met. Physical or mental incapacity consists of incapacity for school attendance and the 101 performance of school work. In all cases of prolonged absence from school due to incapacity of 102 the child to attend, the written statement of a licensed physician or authorized school nurse is 103 required. Incapacity shall be narrowly defined and in any case the provisions of this article may not 104 allow for the exclusion of the mentally, physically, emotionally, or behaviorally handicapped child 105 otherwise entitled to a free appropriate education.

106 (e) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-107 8-1a of this code if conditions rendering school attendance impossible or hazardous to the life, 108 health, or safety of the child exist.

109 (f) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-8-110 1a of this code upon regular graduation from a standard senior high school or alternate secondary 111 program completion as determined by the state board.

112 (g) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-113 8-1a of this code if the child is granted a work permit pursuant to the subsection. After due 114 investigation the county superintendent may grant work permits to youths under the termination 115 age designated in §18-8-1a of this code, subject to state and federal labor laws and regulations. A

work permit may not be granted on behalf of any youth who has not completed the eighth grade ofschool.

(h) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §188-1a of this code if a serious illness or death in the immediate family of the child has occurred. It is
expected that the county attendance director will ascertain the facts in all cases of such absences
about which information is inadequate and report the facts to the county superintendent.

122 (i) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-8-123 1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to destitution in the home, are met. 124 Exemption based on a condition of extreme destitution in the home may be granted only upon the 125 written recommendation of the county attendance director to the county superintendent following 126 careful investigation of the case. A copy of the report confirming the condition and school 127 exemption shall be placed with the county director of public assistance. This enactment 128 contemplates every reasonable effort that may properly be taken on the part of both school and 129 public assistance authorities for the relief of home conditions officially recognized as being so 130 destitute as to deprive children of the privilege of school attendance. Exemption for this cause is 131 not allowed when the destitution is relieved through public or private means.

(j) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §18-8-133 1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to church ordinances and 134 observances of regular church ordinances, are met. The county board may approve exemption for 135 religious instruction upon written request of the person having legal or actual charge of a child or 136 children. This exemption is subject to the rules prescribed by the county superintendent and 137 approved by the county board.

(k) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §188-1a of this code if the requirements of this subsection, relating to alternative private, parochial,
church, or religious school instruction, are met. Exemption shall be made for any child attending

any private school, parochial school, church school, school operated by a religious order, or other
nonpublic school which elects to comply with the provisions of §18-28-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(I) Completion of the eighth grade does not exempt any child under the termination age
 designated in §18-8-1a of this code from the compulsory attendance provision of this article.

(m) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirements set forth in §18-8-1a of this code if the child is an eligible recipient participating in the Hope Scholarship Program, as provided for in §18-31-1 *et seq.* of this code and provides a notice of intent to participate in the Hope Scholarship Program to the county superintendent. The county superintendent shall enter the following into the West Virginia Education Information System (WVEIS):

151 (1) The filing of the notice of intent pursuant to this subsection;

(2) In the case of a Hope Scholarship recipient who chooses an individualized instructional
 program, annually, the child's test results or determination that a student is making academic
 progress commensurate with his or her age and ability, as applicable, pursuant to §18-31-8(a)(4)
 of this code; and

(3) In the case of an eligible recipient enrolling in a participating school, annually, the filing
 of a notice of enrollment pursuant to §18-31-11(a)(6) of this code.

(n) A child is exempt from the compulsory school attendance requirement set forth in §188-1a of this code if the child participates in a learning pod or microschool pursuant to this
subsection.

161 (1) For the purposes of this subsection:

(A) "Learning pod" means a voluntary association of parents choosing to group their
 children together to participate in their elementary or secondary academic studies as an
 alternative to enrolling in a public school, private school, homeschool, or microschool, including
 participation in an activity or service provided to the children in exchange for payment; and

(B) "Microschool" means a school initiated by one or more teachers or an entity created to
 operate a school that charges tuition for the students who enroll and is an alternative to enrolling in
 a public school, private school, homeschool, or learning pod.

169 (2) Upon beginning participation in a learning pod or microschool pursuant to this 170 subsection, the parent or legal guardian of the child participating shall present to the county 171 superintendent or county board a notice of intent to participate in a learning pod or microschool 172 that includes the name, address, and age of any child of compulsory school age participating and 173 assurance that the child shall receive instruction in reading, language, mathematics, science, and 174 social studies, and that the child shall be assessed annually in accordance with this subsection. 175 The person providing instruction shall notify the county superintendent upon termination of 176 participation in a learning pod or microschool for a child who is of compulsory attendance age. 177 Upon establishing residence in a new county, the person providing instruction shall notify the 178 previous county superintendent and submit a new notice of intent to the superintendent of the new 179 county of residence: Provided, That if a child is enrolled in a public school, notice of intent to 180 participate in a learning pod or microschool shall be given on or before the date participation is to 181 begin.

182 (3) The person or persons providing instruction shall submit satisfactory evidence of a high 183 school diploma or equivalent, or a post-secondary degree or certificate from a regionally 184 accredited institution, or from an institution of higher education that has been authorized to confer 185 a post-secondary degree or certificate in West Virginia by the West Virginia Council for Community 186 and Technical College Education or by the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission.

187 (4) Annually, the person or persons providing instruction shall obtain an academic
 188 assessment of the child for the previous school year in one of the following ways:

(A) The child participating in a learning pod or microschool takes a nationally normed
 standardized achievement test published or normed not more than 10 years from the date of
 administration and administered under the conditions as set forth by the published instructions of

the selected test and by a person qualified in accordance with the test's published guidelines in the subjects of reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies. The child is considered to have made acceptable progress when the mean of the child's test results in the required subject areas for any single year is within or above the fourth stanine or, if below the fourth stanine, shows improvement from the previous year's results;

197 (B) The child participates in the testing program currently in use in the state's public
 198 schools. The test shall be administered to the child at a public school in the county of residence.
 199 Determination of acceptable progress shall be based on current guidelines of the state testing
 200 program;

201 (C) A portfolio of samples of the child's work is reviewed by a certified teacher who 202 determines whether the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's 203 abilities. The teacher shall provide a written narrative about the child's progress in the areas of 204 reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies and shall note any areas which, in 205 the professional opinion of the reviewer, show need for improvement or remediation. If the 206 narrative indicates that the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's 207 abilities, the child is considered to have made acceptable progress; or

208 (D) The child completes an alternative academic assessment of proficiency that is mutually
 209 agreed upon by the parent or legal guardian and the county superintendent.

(5) A parent or legal guardian shall maintain copies of each student's Academic Assessment for three years. When the annual assessment fails to show acceptable progress, the person or persons providing instruction shall initiate a remedial program to foster acceptable progress. The county board upon request shall notify the parents or legal guardian of the child, in writing, of the services available to assist in the assessment of the child's eligibility for special education services. Identification of a disability does not preclude the continuation of participation in a learning pod or microschool. In the event that the child does not achieve acceptable progress

for a second consecutive year, the person or persons providing instruction shall submit to the
 county superintendent additional evidence that appropriate instruction is being provided.

(6) The parent, legal guardian, learning pod, or microschool shall submit to the county superintendent the results of the academic assessment of the child with the same frequency prescribed in §18-8-1(c)(2)(E) of this code: *Provided*, That instead of the academic assessment results being submitted individually, the learning pod or microschool may submit the school composite results.

(7) The county superintendent or a designee shall offer such assistance, including textbooks, other teaching materials and available resources, all subject to availability, as may assist the person or persons providing instruction. Any child participating in a learning pod or microschool may upon approval of the county board exercise the option to attend any class offered by the county board as the person or persons providing instruction may consider appropriate subject to normal registration and attendance requirements.

(8) No learning pod or microschool which meets the requirements of this subsection is
 subject to any other provision of law relating to education: *Provided*, That any learning pod or
 microschool which has a student requiring special education instruction must comply with the
 provisions of §18-20-11 of this code, including, but not limited to, placement of video cameras for
 the protection of that exceptional student.

(9) Making learning pods and microschools subject to the home instruction provisions and
 requirements does not make learning pods and microschools the same as homeschooling.

§18-8-1b. Requirements for home instruction.

(a) A child receiving home instruction pursuant to the exemption from compulsory school
 attendance set forth in §18-8-1(c) of this code, must meet the following requirements:

3 (1) The instruction shall be in the home of the child or children or at some other place
4 approved by the county board and for a time equal to the instructional term set forth in §18-5-45 of
5 this code.

6 (2) If the request for home instruction is denied by the county board, good and reasonable justification for the denial shall be furnished in writing to the applicant by the county board. 7 8 (3) The instruction shall be conducted by a person or persons who, in the judgment of the 9 county superintendent and county board, are qualified to give instruction in subjects required to be 10 taught in public elementary schools in the state. 11 (4) The person or persons providing the instruction, upon request of the county 12 superintendent, shall furnish to the county board information and records as may be required 13 periodically with respect to attendance, instruction, and progress of students receiving the 14 instruction. 15 (5) The state board shall develop guidelines for the home schooling of special education 16 students including alternative assessment measures to assure that satisfactory academic 17 progress is achieved. 18 (b) The county superintendent may, after a showing of probable cause, seek from the 19 circuit court of the county an order denying home instruction of the child. The order may be granted 20 upon a showing of clear and convincing evidence that the child will suffer neglect in his or her 21 education or that there are other compelling reasons to deny home instruction. 22 (c) Upon commencing home instruction under this section, the parent of a child receiving 23 home instruction shall present to the county superintendent or county board a notice of intent to 24 provide home instruction that includes the name, address, and age of any child of compulsory 25 school age to be instructed and assurance that the child shall receive instruction in reading, 26 language, mathematics, science, and social studies, and that the child shall be assessed annually 27 in accordance with this subdivision. The person providing home instruction shall notify the county 28 superintendent upon termination of home instruction for a child who is of compulsory attendance 29 age. Upon establishing residence in a new county, the person providing home instruction shall 30 notify the previous county superintendent and submit a new notice of intent to the superintendent

31 of the new county of residence: Provided, That if a child is enrolled in a public school, notice of intent to provide home instruction shall be given on or before the date home instruction is to begin. 32 33 (d) The person or persons providing home instruction shall submit satisfactory evidence of 34 a high school diploma or equivalent, or a post-secondary degree or certificate from a regionally 35 accredited institution, or from an institution of higher education that has been authorized to confer 36 a post-secondary degree or certificate in West Virginia by the West Virginia Council for Community 37 and Technical College Education or by the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission. 38 (e) Annually, the person or persons providing home instruction shall obtain an academic 39 assessment of the child for the previous school year in one of the following ways: 40 (1) The child receiving home instruction takes a nationally normed standardized achievement test published or normed not more than 10 years from the date of administration and 41 42 administered under the conditions as set forth by the published instructions of the selected test 43 and by a person qualified in accordance with the test's published guidelines in the subjects of 44 reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies. The child is considered to have 45 made acceptable progress when the mean of the child's test results in the required subject areas 46 for any single year is within or above the fourth stanine or, if below the fourth stanine, shows 47 improvement from the previous year's results; 48 (2) The child participates in the testing program currently in use in the state's public 49 schools. The test shall be administered to the child at a public school in the county of residence. 50 Determination of acceptable progress shall be based on current guidelines of the state testing 51 program; 52 (3) A portfolio of samples of the child's work is reviewed by a certified teacher who 53 determines whether the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's 54 abilities. The teacher shall provide a written narrative about the child's progress in the areas of 55 reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies and shall note any areas which, in

56 the professional opinion of the reviewer, show need for improvement or remediation. If the

57 narrative indicates that the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's

58 abilities, the child is considered to have made acceptable progress; or

59 (4) The child completes an alternative academic assessment of proficiency that is mutually 60 agreed upon by the parent or legal guardian and the county superintendent.

61 (f) A parent or legal guardian shall maintain copies of each student's Academic

62 Assessment for three years. When the annual assessment fails to show acceptable progress, the

63 person or persons providing home instruction shall initiate a remedial program to foster acceptable

64 progress. The county board, upon request, shall notify the parents or legal guardian of the child, in

65 writing, of the services available to assist in the assessment of the child's eligibility for special

66 education services. Identification of a disability does not preclude the continuation of home

67 schooling. In the event that the child does not achieve acceptable progress for a second

68 consecutive year, the person or persons providing instruction shall submit to the county

69 superintendent additional evidence that appropriate instruction is being provided.

70 (g) The parent or legal guardian shall submit to the county superintendent the results of the 71 academic assessment of the child at grade levels three, five, eight, and 11, as applicable, by June 72 30 of the year in which the assessment was administered.

73 (h) The county superintendent or a designee shall offer such assistance, including 74 textbooks, other teaching materials and available resources, all subject to availability, as may 75 assist the person or persons providing home instruction. Any child receiving home instruction may, 76 upon approval of the county board, exercise the option to attend any class offered by the county 77 board, as the person or persons providing home instruction may consider appropriate subject to 78 normal registration and attendance requirements. 79

- (i) A child receiving home instruction pursuant to §18-8-1(c) of this code may also be
- 80 referred to throughout this code as a "home school student" or similar reference.

§18-8-1c. Requirements for learning pods and microschools.

- (a) A child that participates in a learning pod or microschool pursuant to the exemption
 from compulsory school attendance set forth in §18-8-1(c) of this code, must meet the
 requirements of this section.
- 4 (b) For the purposes of this section:
- 5 (1) "Learning pod" means a voluntary association of parents choosing to group their 6 children together to participate in their elementary or secondary academic studies as an 7 alternative to enrolling in a public school, private school, homeschool, or microschool, including 8 participation in an activity or service provided to the children in exchange for payment; and
- 9 (2) "Microschool" means a school initiated by one or more teachers or an entity created to
 10 operate a school that charges tuition for the students who enroll and is an alternative to enrolling in
 11 a public school, private school, homeschool, or learning pod.

12 (c) Upon beginning participation in a learning pod or microschool pursuant to 18-8-1(c) of 13 this code, the parent or legal guardian of the child participating shall present to the county 14 superintendent or county board a notice of intent to participate in a learning pod or microschool 15 that includes the name, address, and age of any child of compulsory school age participating and 16 assurance that the child shall receive instruction in reading, language, mathematics, science, and 17 social studies, and that the child shall be assessed annually in accordance with this section. The 18 person providing instruction shall notify the county superintendent upon termination of 19 participation in a learning pod or microschool for a child who is of compulsory attendance age. 20 Upon establishing residence in a new county, the person providing instruction shall notify the 21 previous county superintendent and submit a new notice of intent to the superintendent of the new 22 county of residence: Provided, That if a child is enrolled in a public school, notice of intent to 23 participate in a learning pod or microschool shall be given on or before the date participation is to 24 begin.

25 (d) The person or persons providing instruction shall submit satisfactory evidence of a high
 26 school diploma or equivalent, or a post-secondary degree or certificate from a regionally

27 accredited institution, or from an institution of higher education that has been authorized to confer

- 28 <u>a post-secondary degree or certificate in West Virginia by the West Virginia Council for Community</u>
- 29 and Technical College Education or by the West Virginia Higher Education Policy Commission.
- 30 (e) Annually, the person or persons providing instruction shall obtain an academic
 31 assessment of the child for the previous school year in one of the following ways:
- 32 (1) The child participating in a learning pod or microschool takes a nationally normed 33 standardized achievement test published or normed not more than 10 years from the date of 34 administration and administered under the conditions as set forth by the published instructions of 35 the selected test and by a person qualified in accordance with the test's published guidelines in the 36 subjects of reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies. The child is considered 37 to have made acceptable progress when the mean of the child's test results in the required subject 38 areas for any single year is within or above the fourth stanine or, if below the fourth stanine, shows 39 improvement from the previous year's results;
- 40 (2) The child participates in the testing program currently in use in the state's public
 41 schools. The test shall be administered to the child at a public school in the county of residence.
 42 Determination of acceptable progress shall be based on current guidelines of the state testing
 43 program;
- 44 (3) A portfolio of samples of the child's work is reviewed by a certified teacher who 45 determines whether the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's 46 abilities. The teacher shall provide a written narrative about the child's progress in the areas of 47 reading, language, mathematics, science, and social studies and shall note any areas which, in 48 the professional opinion of the reviewer, show need for improvement or remediation. If the 49 narrative indicates that the child's academic progress for the year is in accordance with the child's 50 abilities, the child is considered to have made acceptable progress; or 51 (4) The child completes an alternative academic assessment of proficiency that is mutually
- 52 agreed upon by the parent or legal guardian and the county superintendent.

53	(f) A parent or legal guardian shall maintain copies of each student's Academic
54	Assessment for three years. When the annual assessment fails to show acceptable progress, the
55	person or persons providing instruction shall initiate a remedial program to foster acceptable
56	progress. The county board upon request shall notify the parents or legal guardian of the child, in
57	writing, of the services available to assist in the assessment of the child's eligibility for special
58	education services. Identification of a disability does not preclude the continuation of participation
59	in a learning pod or microschool. In the event that the child does not achieve acceptable progress
60	for a second consecutive year, the person or persons providing instruction shall submit to the
61	county superintendent additional evidence that appropriate instruction is being provided.
62	(g) The parent, legal guardian, learning pod, or microschool shall submit to the county
63	superintendent the results of the academic assessment of the child with the same frequency
64	prescribed in §18-8-1b(g) of this code: Provided, That instead of the academic assessment results
65	being submitted individually, the learning pod or microschool may submit the school composite
66	results.
67	(h) The county superintendent or a designee shall offer such assistance, including
68	textbooks, other teaching materials and available resources, all subject to availability, as may
69	assist the person or persons providing instruction. Any child participating in a learning pod or
70	microschool may, upon approval of the county board, exercise the option to attend any class
71	offered by the county board as the person or persons providing instruction may consider
72	appropriate, subject to normal registration and attendance requirements.
73	(i) No learning pod or microschool which meets the requirements of this section is subject
74	to any other provision of law relating to education: Provided, That any learning pod or microschool
75	which has a student requiring special education instruction must comply with the provisions of
76	§18-20-11 of this code, including, but not limited to, placement of video cameras for the protection
77	of that exceptional student.

(j) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, learning pod and microschool
 students shall have all of the educational rights and privileges this code makes available to home
 school students and may participate in any state or county program available to home school
 students: *Provided*, That nothing in this section may be construed as making learning pod or
 microschool students the same as homeschool students or as subjecting home school students to
 the requirements of this section.

ARTICLE 9A. PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT.

§18-9A-25. Funding for Hope Scholarship Program.

1 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the contrary, for fiscal year 2023 2 and each fiscal year thereafter, in addition to all other amounts required by this article, the 3 Department of Education shall include in its budget request, and the Governor shall include in 4 each budget bill submitted to the Legislature, an appropriation to the Department of Education for 5 the greater of an amount not less than two percent of net public school enrollment adjusted for 6 state aid purposes or the total number of eligible Hope Scholarship applications received by the 7 Hope Scholarship Board, if available estimated Hope Scholarship applications for the fiscal year, 8 multiplied by the prior year's statewide average net state aid allotted per pupil. The Hope 9 Scholarship Board shall certify the estimated number of Hope Scholarship applications for the 10 fiscal year to the Department of Education by December 10 of each year. The amount 11 appropriated shall be transferred by the Department of Education to the Hope Scholarship Board 12 to be used solely to meet the Hope Scholarship Program obligations set forth in §18-31-1 et seq. of 13 this code except as otherwise provided in this section. The Governor shall also provide in each 14 budget for the reappropriation for expenditure during the ensuing fiscal year the unused 15 accumulated balance to the Department of Education that was not transferred to the Hope 16 Scholarship Board due to an accumulated balance from prior years as provided under subsection 17 (b) of this section in the Hope Scholarship Fund.

18 (b) Each fiscal year, the amount required to be requested and included in the budget bill for

19 appropriation under subsection (a) of this section shall be reduced by the sum of:

20 (1) Any <u>any</u> unused accumulated amounts transferred to the Hope Scholarship Board for
 21 these purposes from previous years; and

(2) Any unused appropriations made to the Department of Education for these purposes
 that were not transferred to the Hope Scholarship Board due to an accumulated balance from prior

24 years.

ARTICLE 31. HOPE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM.

§18-31-2. Definitions.

1 The following words have the meanings ascribed to them unless the context clearly 2 indicates a different meaning:

3 (1) "Account" or "scholarship" means a Hope Scholarship account, awarded pursuant to
4 this article, to which funds are allocated by the board to the parent or parents of an eligible Hope
5 Scholarship student in order to pay qualifying education expenses to educate the student pursuant
6 to the requirements and conditions of this article;

7 (2) "Board" means the Hope Scholarship Board created pursuant to §18-31-3 of this code;
 8 (3) "Curriculum" means a complete course of study for a particular content area or grade

9 level, including any supplemental materials required by the curriculum;

(4) "Education service provider" means a person or organization that receives payments
 from Hope Scholarship accounts to provide educational goods and services to Hope Scholarship
 students;

(5) "Eligible recipient" means a child who is eligible to participate in the Hope Scholarship
 Program according to §18-31-2a of this code.

15 (A) Is a resident of this state; and

16 (B) Is enrolled full-time and attending a public elementary or secondary school program in

17 this state for at least 45 calendar days during an instructional term at the time of application and

18 until an award letter is issued by the board under §18-31-5(c) of this code, or enrolled full-time in a 19 public elementary or secondary school program in this state for the entire instructional term the 20 previous year, or is eligible at the time of application to enroll in a kindergarten program in this state 21 pursuant to §18-8-1a of this code, except that if on July 1, 2024, the participation rate of the 22 combined number of students in the Hope Scholarship Program and students eligible who have 23 applied to participate in the Hope Scholarship program during the previous school year is less than 24 five percent of net public school enrollment adjusted for state aid purposes for the previous school 25 vear, then, effective July 1, 2026, a child is considered to meet the requirements of this paragraph 26 if he or she is enrolled, eligible to be enrolled, or required to be enrolled in a kindergarten program 27 or public elementary or secondary school program in this state at the time of application 28 (6) "Hope scholarship funds" means the moneys deposited in a Hope Scholarship 29 student's account in accordance with the requirements of this article. 30 (7) "Hope scholarship student" means a student who receives a scholarship pursuant to 31 this article; 32 (8) "Parent" means a biological parent, legal guardian, custodian, or other person with 33 legal authority to act on behalf of an eligible recipient or Hope Scholarship student; 34 (9) "Participating school" means any private school that provides education to elementary 35 and/or secondary students and has notified the board of its intention to participate in the program 36 and comply with the program's requirements; 37 "Public school" means a kindergarten, elementary, or secondary county school, a public 38 charter school, a virtual public charter school, or any other publicly supported elementary or 39 secondary school in this state. 40 (10) "Resident school district" means the county school district in which the student 41 resides; and

42 (11) "Treasurer" means the West Virginia State Treasurer.

§18-31-2a. Eligibility for the Hope Scholarship Program.

- 1 (a) To participate in the Hope Scholarship Program, a student must:
- 2 (1) Be a resident of the State of West Virginia;
- 3 (2) Have filed a notice of intent or notice of enrollment pursuant to §18-8-1 of this code to
- 4 pursue a kindergarten, elementary, or secondary educational option authorized by that section in
- 5 lieu of compulsory public school attendance for the applicable year;
- 6 (3) Have indicated in the notice of intent or notice of enrollment that the student will
- 7 participate in the Hope Scholarship Program;
- 8 (4) Meet all requirements of this code and the Department of Education related to the
- 9 exemption in §18-8-1 of this code that applies to the student; and
- 10 (5) Meet one of the following criteria:
- 11 (A) Is eligible at the time of application to enroll in a kindergarten program in this state
- 12 pursuant to §18-8-1a of this code;
- 13 (B) Is enrolled full-time and attending a public elementary or secondary school program in
- 14 this state for at least 45 calendar days during an instructional term at the time of application and
- 15 <u>until an award letter is issued by the board pursuant to §18-31-5(c) of this code;</u>
- 16 (C) Is enrolled full-time in a public elementary or secondary school program in this state for
- 17 the entire instructional term the previous year, or
- 18 (D) Is eligible to renew his or her Hope Scholarship according to §18-31-8 of this code.
- 19 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, if on July 1, 2024, the participation rate
- 20 of the combined number of students in the Hope Scholarship Program and students eligible who
- 21 <u>have applied to participate in the Hope Scholarship program during the previous school year is</u>
- 22 less than five percent of net public school enrollment, adjusted for state aid purposes for the
- 23 previous school year, a student is eligible to participate in the Hope Scholarship Program
- 24 beginning on July 1, 2026, if he or she meets the following eligibility criteria:
- 25 (1) The student is a resident of West Virginia; and

26 (2) On or after July 1, 2026, the student is enrolled, eligible to be enrolled, or required to be

27 <u>enrolled in a public school program in this state at the time of application.</u>

- 28 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a child is not eligible to participate or
- 29 continue to participate in the Hope Scholarship Program if:
- 30 (1) The student has successfully completed a secondary education program;
- 31 (2) The student is no longer a resident of the State of West Virginia; or
- 32 (3) The student is enrolled full-time in a public school.
- 33 (d) For each student participating in the Hope Scholarship Program, the county
- 34 superintendent shall enter the information provided in the student's notice of intent or notice of
- 35 enrollment into West Virginia Education Information System (WVEIS). The WVEIS entry must

36 <u>clearly indicate that the student will participate in the Hope Scholarship Program, along with any</u>

37 information required by the Hope Scholarship Board to determine program eligibility.

- §18-31-3. West Virginia Hope Scholarship board; members; terms; compensation; proceedings generally.
- (a) The West Virginia Hope Scholarship Program shall be administered by the West
 Virginia Hope Scholarship Board.
- 3 (b) The board shall consist of nine members and include the following:
- 4 (1) The State Treasurer <u>or his or her designee;</u>
- 5 (2) The State Auditor, or his or her designee;
- 6 (3) The State Attorney General, or his or her designee;
- 7 (4) The State Superintendent of Schools, or his or her designee;
- 8 (5) The Chancellor of Higher Education, or his or her designee;
- 9 (6) The Director of the Herbert Henderson Office of Minority Affairs, or his or her designee;
- 10 and
- (7) Three members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate
 who are parents of Hope Scholarship students, or for the initial appointments of board members

13 following the effective date of this article, parents who intend to apply for the Hope Scholarship on

14 behalf of eligible recipients, to be appointed as follows:

15 (A) Only state residents are eligible for appointment to the board;

16 (B) The members shall reside in geographically diverse areas of the state;

17 (C) Members shall be initially appointed to staggered terms as follows:

18 (i) One member appointed by the Governor to a one-year term;

19 (ii) One member appointed by the Governor to a two-year term; and

20 (iii) One member each appointed by the Governor to a three-year term.

After the initial staggering of terms, appointed board members shall serve for three-year terms and are eligible for reappointment at the expiration of their terms; and

(D) If there is a vacancy among appointed members, the vacancy shall be filled by
appointment to the unexpired term of a person meeting the requirements of this section by the
Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Members of the board shall serve until the
later of the expiration of the term for which the member was appointed or the appointment of his or
her successor.

(c) Members of the board shall serve without compensation. The board may reimburse
members for all reasonable and necessary expenses, including travel expenses, actually incurred
by board members in the conduct of their official duties. Any expense reimbursements shall be
made from the West Virginia Hope Scholarship Program Expense Fund at the same rate paid to
state employees.

33 (d) The Treasurer is the chairman and presiding officer of the board. The Treasurer may
34 provide office space and staff to the board upon request of the board.

35 (e) The State Superintendent of Schools may provide staff to the board, upon request of36 the board.

37 (f) A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum for the transaction of the38 business of the board.

(g) Members of the board are subject to the ethical standards and financial disclosure
 requirements of the West Virginia Governmental Ethics Act in Chapter 6B of this code.

§18-31-4. Powers of the board.

1 The board is authorized to take any action necessary to effectuate the provisions of this 2 article and to successfully administer the Hope Scholarship Program, subject to applicable state 3 and federal law, including, but not limited to the following:

4 (1) Adopt and amend bylaws;

5 (2) Execute contracts and other instruments for necessary goods and services, employ 6 necessary personnel and engage the services of private consultants, actuaries, auditors, counsel, 7 managers, trustees, and any other contractor or professional needed for rendering professional 8 and technical assistance and advice: *Provided*, That election of these services is not subject to the 9 provisions of §5A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code;

(3) Implement the program through the use of financial organizations as account
depositories and managers;

(4) Develop and impose requirements, policies, procedures, and guidelines to implement
 and manage the program, <u>including the authority to propose legislative rules for legislative</u>
 <u>approval pursuant to §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code, including emergency rules, if necessary;</u>

(5) Determine whether an expenditure of Hope Scholarship funds is or was a qualifying
expense to educate a Hope Scholarship student pursuant to §18-31-7 of this code. The board may
approve or deny expenditures by a majority vote;

18 (6) Review any appeals made pursuant to §18-31-10(b) and §18-31-10(d) of this code;

(7) Establish the method by which moneys in the Hope Scholarship Expense Fund shall be
allocated to pay for administrative costs and assess, collect and expend administrative fees,
charges, and penalties;

(8) Authorize the assessment, collection and retention of fees and charges against theamounts paid into and the earnings on the Hope Scholarship funds by a financial institution,

investment manager, fund manager, West Virginia Investment Management Board, West Virginia
Board of Treasury Investments, or other professional managing or investing the Hope Scholarship
funds and accounts;

(9) Invest and reinvest any of the funds and accounts under the board's control with a
financial institution, an investment manager, a fund manager, the West Virginia Investment
Management Board, West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments, or other professionals
investing the funds and accounts: *Provided*, That investments made under this article shall be
made in accordance with the provisions of §44-6C-1 *et seq.* of this code; and

32 (10) Solicit and accept gifts, including bequests and other testamentary gifts made by will,
33 trust, or other disposition; grants; loans; aid; and property, real or personal of any nature and from
34 any source, or to participate in any other way in any federal, state, or local governmental programs
35 in carrying out the purposes of this article: *Provided*, That the board shall use the property received
36 to effectuate the desires of the donor, and shall convert the property received into cash within 180
37 days of receipt.

§18-31-5. Award of Hope Scholarships.

(a) The Hope Scholarship Program is established to provide the option for a parent to
 better meet the individual education needs of his or her eligible child. The program shall be
 operational no later than July 1, 2022.

(b) The board shall create a standard application form that a parent can submit to establish
his or her student's eligibility for the award of Hope Scholarship funds, to be placed in a personal
education savings account to be used for qualifying education expenses on behalf of the eligible
recipient as provided for in §18-31-7 of this code. Information about scholarship funds and the
application process shall be made available on the board's website.

9 (c) The board shall make such applications available no later than March 1, 2022 and shall
10 begin accepting applications immediately thereafter. The board may update the application as

needed. The board shall issue an award letter to eligible recipients within 45 days of receipt of a
completed application and all required documentation.

(d) The board shall approve an application for a Hope Scholarship if all of the following
 circumstances are met:

(1) A parent submits an application for a Hope Scholarship in accordance with the
legislative rules promulgated by the board;

17 (2) A student on whose behalf the parent is applying is an eligible recipient, as provided for

18 in §18-31-2(5) <u>§18-31-2a</u> of this code;

19 (3) The parent signs an agreement with the board, promising to do all of the following:

20 (A) To provide an education for the eligible recipient in at least the subjects of reading,
21 language, mathematics, science, and social studies;

(B) To use the Hope Scholarship funds exclusively for qualifying expenses as provided for
 in §18-31-7 of this code;

24 (C) To comply with the rules and requirements of the Hope Scholarship program; and

(D) To afford the Hope Scholarship student opportunities for educational enrichment such
as organized athletics, art, music, or literature; and

(4) The board confirms with the West Virginia Department of Education that the student
satisfies <u>§18-31-2(5)(B)</u> <u>§18-31-2a</u> of this code: *Provided*, That if the department does not reply
within 30 days, this criteria is considered satisfied.

30 (e) An application for a Hope Scholarship is All records accepted or maintained by the 31 Board containing personally identifying information of a Hope Scholarship student, applicant, or 32 parent are confidential and not a public record subject to release pursuant to the West Virginia 33 codified in Freedom of Information Act. as §29B-1-1 et seq. of this code. §18-31-6. Funding of Hope Scholarships; program and expense funds.

(a) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special revenue fund designated and
 known as the West Virginia Hope Scholarship Program Fund. The fund shall be administered by

the Treasurer and shall consist of funds transferred by the Department of Education in accordance with §18-9A-25 of this code. All interest and other returns derived from the deposit and investment of moneys in the Hope Scholarship Fund shall be credited to the fund. Any balance, including accrued interest and other returns, remaining in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the General Revenue Fund but shall remain in the fund and be expended as provided by this section.

9 (b) The amount of Hope Scholarship funds made available to an eligible recipient on a 10 vearly basis shall be equal to 100 percent of the prior year's statewide average net state aid share 11 allotted per pupil based on net enrollment adjusted for state aid purposes, subject to the provisions 12 of subsection (c) of this section: *Provided*. That the amount of the funding to an eligible recipient 13 who is awarded a Hope Scholarship account for less than a full fiscal year shall be prorated based 14 on the portion of the fiscal year the eligible recipient is awarded the Hope Scholarship account. On 15 or prior to the submission of the Department of Education's budget request each year, the board 16 shall notify the Department of Education of the total number of eligible Hope Scholarship 17 applications received by the board, for purposes of facilitating the necessary transfer of moneys 18 pursuant to §18-9A-25 of this code.

(c) Expenditures from the Hope Scholarship Fund shall be limited to the purposes set forth 19 20 in this article: *Provided*, That an amount not to exceed five percent of the fund shall be transferred 21 annually to the West Virginia Hope Scholarship Program Expense Fund established in subsection 22 (h) of this section to cover the annual administrative costs of the Hope Scholarship Program. If the 23 number of Hope Scholarship accounts increases significantly after any fiscal year, the Treasurer 24 may request an appropriation by the Legislature to the West Virginia Hope Scholarship Program 25 Expense Fund in an amount equal to the administrative costs associated with the increase in Hope 26 Scholarship accounts.

27 (d) The first deposit of Hope Scholarship funds into an eligible recipient account shall be
28 subject to the execution of the parental agreement required by §18-31-5 of this code. Upon

execution of the required parental agreement, and subject to the provisions of §18-31-9(e) of this code, one half of the total annually required deposit shall be made no later than August 15 of every year into an eligible recipient's Hope Scholarship account, and one half of the total annually required deposit shall be made no later than January 15 of every year. Any funds remaining in a Hope Scholarship account at the end of the fiscal year may be carried over to the next fiscal year upon successful renewal of the account.

(e) Funds deposited in a student's Hope Scholarship account, other than those funds
 expended on transportation services pursuant to §18-31-7(11) (12) of this code, do not constitute
 taxable income to the parent or the Hope Scholarship student.

(f) The board shall continue to make deposits into an eligible recipient's Hope Scholarship
 account in accordance with the provisions of this section unless any of the following conditions
 have occurred:

41 (1) A parent of an eligible recipient fails to renew a Hope Scholarship account or withdraws
42 from the Hope Scholarship Program;

43 (2) The board determines that a student is no longer eligible for a Hope Scholarship;

44 (3) The board suspends or revokes participation in the Hope Scholarship Program for45 failure to comply with the requirements of this article;

46 (4) The Hope Scholarship student successfully completes a secondary education47 program; or

48 (5) The Hope Scholarship student reaches 21 years of age.

(g) If any of the conditions in subsection (f) of this section occur, the board shall notify the
parent that the eligible recipient's account will be closed in 45 calendar days. If a parent fails to
adequately address the condition or conditions upon which closure is based or does not respond
within 30 calendar days of receipt of notice, the board shall close the account and any remaining
moneys shall be returned to the state.

54 (h)(1) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special revenue fund designated and known as the West Virginia Hope Scholarship Program Expense Fund. The account shall consist 55 56 of moneys received pursuant to this section; moneys, if any, transferred from special revenue 57 funds administered by the Treasurer; or any governmental or private grants and any state general 58 fund appropriations, if any, for the Hope Scholarship Program. All interest and other returns 59 derived from the deposit and investment of moneys in the Hope Scholarship Program Expense 60 Fund shall be credited to the fund. Any balance, including accrued interest and other returns, 61 remaining in the fund at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the General Revenue Fund 62 but shall remain in the fund and be expended as provided by this section.

63 (2) All expenses incurred by the Treasurer or the board in developing and administering
64 the Hope Scholarship Program shall be payable from the West Virginia Hope Scholarship
65 Expense Fund.

§18-31-7. Qualifying expenses for Hope Scholarship accounts.

(a) Parents of a Hope Scholarship student shall agree to use the funds deposited in their
 student's Hope Scholarship account only for the following qualifying expenses to educate the
 student <u>pursuant to an exemption from compulsory school attendance under §18-8-1 of this code</u>:

4 (1) Ongoing services provided by a public school district pursuant to §18-31-8(f) of this
5 code, including without limitation, individual classes and extracurricular activities and programs;

- 6 (2) Tuition and fees at a participating school;
- 7

(3) Tuition and fees at a microschool established pursuant to §18-8-1c of this code;

8 (3) (4) Tutoring services provided by an individual or a tutoring facility: *Provided*, That such
9 tutoring services are not provided by a member of the Hope Scholarship student's immediate
10 family;

(4) (5) Fees for nationally standardized assessments, advanced placement examinations,
 any examinations related to college or university admission, and tuition and/or fees for preparatory
 courses for the aforementioned exams;

14 (5) (6) Tuition and fees for programs of study or the curriculum of courses that lead to an

15 industry-recognized credential that satisfies a workforce need;

16 (6) (7) Tuition and fees for nonpublic online learning programs;

17 (7) (8) Tuition and fees for alternative education programs;

18 (8) (9) Fees for after-school or summer education programs;

19 (9) (10) Educational services and therapies, including, but not limited to, occupational,

20 behavioral, physical, speech-language, and audiology therapies;

21 (10) (11) Curriculum as defined in §18-31-2 of this code;

(11) (12) Fees for transportation paid to a fee-for-service transportation provider for the
 student to travel to and from an education service provider; and

24 (12) (13) Any other qualified expenses as approved by the board established pursuant to
 25 §18-31-3 of this code.

(b) Hope Scholarship funds may only be used for educational purposes in accordance with
subsection (a) of this section. Nothing in this section requires that a Hope Scholarship student be
enrolled, full- or part-time, in either a private school or nonpublic online school. <u>Hope Scholarship</u>
<u>funds may only be used for qualifying expenses incurred to provide the student with a</u>
<u>kindergarten, elementary, or secondary education pursuant to an exemption from compulsory</u>
<u>school attendance under §18-8-1 of this code.</u>

32 (c) Hope Scholarship funds may not be refunded, rebated, or shared with a parent or
33 student in any manner. Any refund or rebate for goods or services purchased with Hope
34 Scholarship funds shall be credited directly to a student's Hope Scholarship account.

(d) Nothing in this section prohibits the parents of a Hope Scholarship student from making
 payments for the costs of educational goods and services not covered by the funds in their
 student's Hope Scholarship account. However, personal deposits into a Hope Scholarship
 account are not permitted.

§18-31-8. Renewal of Hope Scholarship accounts; participation in public school system.

1	(a) A parent must renew an eligible recipient's Hope Scholarship on an annual basis.
2	Notwithstanding any changes in eligibility, a Hope Scholarship student who has previously
3	qualified for a Hope Scholarship account remains eligible to apply for renewal until one of the
4	conditions set forth in §18-31-6(f) occurs: <i>Provided</i> , That the board shall verify with the
5	Department of Education the following information by July 1 of every year:
6	(1) A list of all active Hope Scholarship Accounts;
7	(2) The resident school district of each Hope Scholarship student; and
8	(3) For a Hope Scholarship student who chooses to attend a participating school, annual
9	confirmation of his or her continued attendance at a nonpublic school that complies with all
10	requirements that other nonpublic school students must comply with; and
11	(4) For a Hope Scholarship student who chooses an individualized instructional program:
12	(A) (i) He or she has annually taken a nationally normed standardized achievement test of
13	academic achievement;
14	(ii) The mean of the child's test results in the subject areas of reading, language,
15	mathematics, science and social studies for any single year is within or above the fourth stanine or,
16	if below the fourth stanine, show improvement from the previous year's results; and
17	(iii) The child's test results are reported to the county superintendent; or
18	(B) (i) A certified teacher conducts a review of the student's academic work annually;
19	(ii) The certified teacher determines that the student is making academic progress
20	commensurate with his or her age and ability; and
21	(iii) The certified teacher's determination is reported to the county superintendent
22	(3) That the student has met all requirements for the student's exemption from compulsory
23	school attendance under §18-8-1 of this code.
24	(b) If a student is required to submit documentation of academic progress or nonpublic
25	school attendance to the county superintendent or the Board of Education pursuant to the
26	student's exemption from compulsory school attendance under §18-8-1 of this code, the student

must submit the information at least annually to participate in the Hope Scholarship Program:
 Provided, That nothing in this Act may be construed to impose additional requirements on
 students who are exempt from compulsory school attendance and who do not participate in the
 Hope Scholarship Program.
 (b) (c) Each county superintendent shall submit the test results and determinations
 reported to him or her pursuant to subsection (a) of this section to the Department of Education

ach year on or before June 15.

34 (c) (d) If a parent fails to renew an eligible recipient's Hope Scholarship, the board shall
 35 notify the parent that the eligible recipient's account will be closed in 45 calendar days. If a parent
 36 chooses not to renew or does not respond within 30 calendar days of receipt of notice, the board
 37 shall close the account and any remaining moneys shall be returned to the state.

38 (d) (e) If an eligible recipient decides to return to the Hope Scholarship Program after failing
 39 to renew, they must reapply.

40 (e) (f) The board, in consultation with the Department of Education, may adopt rules and
 41 policies to provide the least disruptive process for Hope Scholarship students who desire to stop
 42 receiving Hope Scholarship payments and return full-time to a public school.

43 (f) (g) The board, in consultation with the Department of Education, may adopt rules and 44 policies for Hope Scholarship students who want to continue to receive services provided by a 45 public school or district, including individual classes and extracurricular programs, in combination 46 with an individualized instructional program. The board, in consultation with the Department of 47 Education, shall ensure that any public school or school district providing such services receives 48 the appropriate pro rata share of a student's Hope Scholarship funds based on the percentage of 49 total instruction provided to the student by the public school or school district. County boards shall 50 charge tuition to Hope Scholarship students who enroll for services in a public school within the 51 county. Hope Scholarship students who enroll for services part-time in public school shall not be 52 included in net enrollment for state aid funding purposes under §18-9A-2 of this code. Nothing in

this subsection prohibits a Hope Scholarship student from using the funds deposited in his or her
account on both services provided by a public school or district and other qualifying expenses as
provided for in §18-31-7 of this code.

§18-31-9. Administration of Hope Scholarship accounts.

(a) In addition to the duties, obligations, and authority stated in this section and in other
 parts of this article, the board has the following duties, obligations, and authority with respect to the
 administration of Hope Scholarship accounts:

4 (1) To maintain an updated list of participating schools <u>and other education service</u>
5 <u>providers</u> and shall ensure that the list is publicly available through various sources, including the
6 internet;

7 (2) To provide parents with a written explanation of the allowable uses of Hope Scholarship
8 funds, the responsibilities of parents, the duties of the board and the role of any private financial
9 management firms or other private organizations that the board may contract with to administer
10 the Hope Scholarship Program or any aspect of the program; and

(3) To ensure that parents of students with a disability receive notice that participation in
the Hope Scholarship Program is a parental placement under 20 U.S.C. § 1412 of the Individuals
with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) along with an explanation of the rights that parentally placed
students possess under (IDEA) and any applicable state laws and regulations.

(b) The board may contract with private organizations to administer the Hope Scholarship
Program. This includes, but is not limited to, private financial management firms to manage Hope
Scholarship accounts.

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(c) The board may contract with independent auditors to complete the audits authorized in §18-31-9 of this code.

(c) (d) The board shall implement, or contract with a private organization to implement, a
 commercially viable, cost effective, and parent-friendly system for payment for services from Hope
 Scholarship accounts to participating schools or education service providers, including, but not

limited to, the use of debit cards or other electronic or online fund transfers: *Provided*, That a Hope
Scholarship account may not be reduced for debit card or electronic payment fees.

(d) (e) The board shall also seek to implement a commercially viable, cost-effective, and
 parent-friendly system for publicly rating, reviewing, and sharing information about participating
 schools and education service providers, ideally as part of the same system that facilitates the
 electronic or online funds transfers so as to create a one-stop-shop for parents and Hope
 Scholarship students.

30 (e) (f) If an education service provider requires partial payment of tuition or fees prior to the 31 start of the academic year to reserve space for a Hope Scholarship student admitted to the 32 education service provider, such partial payment may be paid prior to the start of the school year in 33 which the Hope Scholarship is awarded, and deducted in an equitable manner from subsequent 34 Hope Scholarship deposits to ensure adequate funds remain available throughout the school 35 year; but if a Hope Scholarship student decides not to use the education service provider, the 36 partial reservation payment must be returned to the board by such education service provider and 37 credited to the student's Hope Scholarship account.

38 (f) (g) The board may accept gifts and grants from any source to cover administrative
 39 costs, to inform the public about the Hope Scholarship Program, or to provide additional funding
 40 for Hope Scholarship Accounts.

41 (g) (h) The board may propose legislative rules for legislative approval pursuant to §29A-342 1 *et seq.* and §18-31-4(4) of this code, including emergency rules, if necessary, to meet timelines
43 set forth in this article, that are not inconsistent with this article and that are necessary for the
44 administration of this article, including but not limited to:

45

(1) Establishing or contracting for the establishment of a fraud reporting system;

46 (2) Policies that require a surety bond for education service providers receiving more than
47 \$100,000 in Hope Scholarship funds;

48 (3) Procedures for refunding payments from education service providers back to Hope49 Scholarship accounts; and

50 (4) Procedures for entering into reciprocal agreements with other state education savings 51 account agencies or entities, whether public or private, to recognize and allow education service 52 providers approved in other states to receive payments from Hope Scholarship accounts under 53 this article.

(h) (i) The rules or policies adopted by the board should avoid excessive bureaucracy and
overly prescriptive mandates and instead shall focus on encouraging participation in the program
and encouraging education service providers to provide parents and Hope Scholarship students
with a broad array of educational options.

§18-31-10. Auditing of Hope Scholarship Program; suspension of accounts and providers.

(a) The board may propose legislative rules for legislative approval pursuant to §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code for the auditing of individual Hope Scholarship accounts and shall conduct or
 contract for the random auditing of individual Hope Scholarship accounts as needed to ensure
 compliance with the requirements of this article and rules promulgated pursuant to this article.

5 (b) As part of the auditing process, the board may remove a parent or eligible recipient from 6 the Hope Scholarship program and close a Hope Scholarship account for failure to comply with the 7 terms of the parental agreement required by §18-31-5 of this code, failure to comply with the 8 applicable laws, failure of the student to remain eligible, or intentional and fraudulent misuse of 9 Hope Scholarship funds: Provided, That the board shall create procedures to ensure that a fair 10 process exists to determine the removal of a parent or eligible recipient from the Hope Scholarship 11 program and a parent or Hope Scholarship student may appeal the decision to make the student 12 ineligible for funds to the board.

- (c) The board may conduct or contract for the audit of education service providers
 accepting payments from Hope Scholarship accounts. if it determines that the education service
 provider has:
- (1) Intentionally and substantially misrepresented information or failed to refund any
 overpayments in a timely manner; or
- 18 (2) Routinely failed to provide students with promised educational goods or services.

19 (c) The board may propose legislative rules for legislative approval pursuant to §29A-3-1 et

seq. and §18-31-4(4) of this code for the auditing of education service providers and shall conduct
 or contract for the random auditing of individual providers as needed to ensure compliance with

22 the requirements of this article and rules promulgated pursuant to this article.

23 (d) If the board determines that an education service provider has intentionally and 24 substantially misused Hope Scholarship funds, the board may bar the education service provider 25 from continuing to receive payments. The board shall create procedures to ensure that a fair 26 process exists to determine whether an education service provider may be barred from receiving 27 payment from Hope Scholarship accounts and an education service provider may appeal a 28 decision to bar it from receiving payments to the board. If the board bars an education service 29 provider from receiving payments from Hope Scholarship accounts, it shall notify parents and 30 students of its decision as quickly as possible.

(e) If the board obtains evidence of potential fraudulent use of Hope Scholarship funds, it
 may refer suspected cases to the State Auditor for purposes of investigation, collection and
 potential criminal investigation.

§18-31-11. Requirements for and rights of education service providers.

(a) To be eligible to accept payments from a Hope Scholarship account, an education
 service provider shall:

3 (1) Submit notice to the board that they wish to participate in the Hope Scholarship4 Program;

5 (2) Provide participating parents with a receipt for all qualifying educational expenses for
6 the Hope Scholarship student;

7 (3) Agree not to refund, rebate, or share Hope Scholarship funds with parents or students
8 in any manner, except that funds may be remitted or refunded to a Hope Scholarship account in
9 accordance with §18-31-7(c) of this code;

10 (4) Certify that it will not discriminate on any basis prohibited by 42 U.S.C. § 1981;

(5) Agree to submit Submit any employee or other person who will have contact with Hope
Scholarship students receiving benefits from the provider to a criminal background check and
certify the results of said background check to the Board: *Provided*, That the Board may propose
rules pursuant §29A-3-1 *et seq.* and §18-31-4(4) of this code to suspend or disqualify a person
from serving as an education service provider, based on charges, indictment, or conviction of
sexual offenses or felonies involving violence against another person; and

(6) In the case of a participating school, provide notice of enrollment annually to the county
superintendent of any student for which a student's tuition is being paid through the Hope
Scholarship Program.

(b) This article does not limit the independence or autonomy of an education service
provider or make the actions of an education service provider the actions of the state government.
(c) Education service providers shall be given maximum freedom to provide for the

23 educational needs of Hope Scholarship students without governmental control.

(d) A participating school or education service provider is not required to alter its creed,
 practices, admission policy, hiring policy or curriculum in order to accept eligible recipients whose
 parents pay tuition or fees from a Hope Scholarship account pursuant to this article: *Provided*, That
 an education service provider is prohibited from requiring a student or family to pay tuition or fees

- 28 above the provider's regular tuition or fee schedule based in whole or in part upon a student or
- 29 <u>family member's participation in the Hope Scholarship program.</u>
- 30 (e) This article does not expand the regulatory authority of the state, its officers, or any
- 31 school district to impose any additional regulation of education service providers beyond those
- 32 necessary to enforce the requirements of the program.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to clean up statutory provisions regarding the Hope Scholarship program to better reflect the intent and operation of the program. The bill also corrects unintended consequences of the microschool and learning pod legislation that passed last session.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.